Risk: Southerly Winds	<u>Likelihood:</u> B.	Consequences:
	Determined by	Major 4
	<ul> <li>climatic conditions eg</li> <li>wind strength and</li> <li>direction</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Cramped or reduced activity area</li></ul>
		<ul> <li>Overlapping of craft in entry and exit points from beach</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Possible collisions         with other craft         and lake users         with resulting         injuries</li> </ul>
Risk Evaluation : Extreme		
Risk control: Good.  □ Students are institution leaving shore	ructed and demonstrated re pado	dleboarding skills before

• Give way procedures are explained to students before leaving shoreline eg

catamarans and swimmers have the right of way

If winds increase the lesson is modified or cancelled

Safety equipment is worn eg PFDs, hats

Risk: High temperature	<u>Likelihood:</u> C.	Consequences:
	Determined by	Major 4
	<ul> <li>climatic conditions eg</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Heat exhaustion</li></ul>
	wind strength and	□ Heat stroke
	direction	□ Sunburn
		<ul><li>Dehydration</li></ul>

Risk Evaluation: Extreme

- □ Sun safety procedures followed:
- □ Hats, sunscreen, drink plenty of water
- Modify lesson plan eg less time on paddleboard, more time playing games with the aim of keeping body temperature cool
- Students are continually monitored for adverse effect of high temperature day

Risk: rocks	<u>Likelihood:</u> B. Likely	Consequences:
	Determined by	Major 4
	<ul> <li>Narrow entry and exit points for activities</li> <li>remaining shoreline perimeter, consisting of rocks</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Moderate injury</li><li>risk of cuts</li><li>Student</li><li>unconscious</li></ul>

### Risk Evaluation : Extreme

### Risk control: Good.

- Dangers of rocks and strategies for keeping away from rocks are discussed before entering the water
- 1. If blown onto rocks by the wind reverse paddle until clear
- 2. Stay with craft
- 3. Signal instructor for help if unable to negotiate clearance, sit upright and still, wait for help
- PFD and safety footwear, hats to be worn

Risk: medication	<u>Likelihood:</u> C.	Consequences:
	Determined by	Major 4 / Extreme
	<ul><li>medical condition eg</li></ul>	Need for urgent medical
	asthma, diabetes, bee	attention to prevent
	sting allergy or possible	further complications
	onset of unmedicated	
	condition eg asthma	

### Risk Evaluation: Extreme

- Medication for each student is carried around by beach instructor at all times
- □ Group is supervised by in-water instructor
- Students are aware of where their medication is
- Emergency signals are known and practised
- □ First aid kit / mobile phone / asthma kit are on beach with instructor
- In-water instructor has rescue tube (flotation device) at all times
- Buddy system is enforced
- Students are always in line of sight

Determined by  Conditions on water eg wind and wave action	Major 4
wind and wave action	•
<ul><li>Activity eg games, turning sharply</li><li>Skill of student</li></ul>	under paddleboard • Injury
<ul> <li>Listening to instructor and using correct paddling style</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Panic triggering shock or asthma attack</li></ul>
uipment worn s demonstrated used ea whistle is sounded	
	and using correct paddling style uipment worn

Instruction for capsizing given on the beach:

- □ Don't panic (PFD will float your body weight)
- Push away from paddleboard

# Risk: manual handling of equipment Determined by: The weight of the equipment to be lifted The height to be loaded onto the trailers The weather conditions Surface to be carried over

Risk Evaluation : High

Risk control: Good. Paddleboards:

- □ Minimum of 2 people to carry paddleboard at all times
- □ Taller people to load paddleboards on top level of trailer to prevent overreaching and losing balance

Students to be supervised at all times when handling paddleboard. Small students to manage paddles only

Risk: Rubbish	<u>Likelihood:</u> C. Possible	Consequences:
	Determined by	Minor 2
	<ul> <li>Disposal of rubbish by public, water visibility, weather conditions, wind.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Cuts or injury to feet</li></ul>

Risk Evaluation: Moderate

- Students to wear protective footwear and safety equipment
- Instructed of dangers associated with non-visible objects

Risk: equipment	<u>Likelihood:</u> C.	Consequences:
Craft, paddles, PFDs	Determined by	Moderate 3
	□ damage to	□ cuts
	paddleboard,	<ul><li>injury to students</li></ul>
	neglected	<ul><li>PFDs float above</li></ul>
	maintenance,	student
	unsuitable	
	equipment, storage	
	of equipment	

Risk Evaluation : Moderate

- Damaged equipment is taken out of service
- Equipment is inspected when unloading and loading each day
- Stored paddleboards are sprayed for spiders and submerged before reinstatement
- Damaged equipment is repaired or replaced
- □ Damaged equipment is reported to instructor in charge (should have maintenance clipboard)

Risk: other users	<u>Likelihood:</u> B.	Consequences:
	Determined by	Major 4
	<ul><li>compact nature of the</li></ul>	<ul><li>Possible injury to</li></ul>
	venue, no. of activities	other lake users
	programmed	and paddle
	<ul> <li>climatic conditions eg</li> </ul>	boarder caused by
	temperature, wind	collision or need
	angle and strength	to change course
	<ul> <li>unforgiving perimeter</li> </ul>	quickly
	(rocks)	

### Risk Evaluation : Extreme

- Students are instructed on safe route which lesson will undertake due to conditions and lake users
- Right of way of other craft is supervised and discussed
- Stopping and manoeuvring skills are practised and demonstrated before leaving shore
- □ Entry and exit points are discussed
- □ Emergency signals acknowledged
- Safety equipment is worn
- □ Lesson is modified and ratios discussed to suit conditions 1:6
- Students' skills are continually monitored and supervision is given accordingly
- □ Safety equipment is worn

Risk: paddles	<u>Likelihood:</u> C.	Consequences:
	Determined by	Moderate 3
	<ul><li>Falling or striking</li></ul>	<ul><li>injury to students</li></ul>
	another student or sel	• •
Risk Evaluation : High	1	
Risk control: Good.		
□ Students are	e instructed before they leave the b	each re stroke techniques,
keeping a safe distance from other SUP users, correct dismount and bail out techniques		
<ul> <li>Observation and adjustment of the program due to the conditions on the</li> </ul>		
day.		

Risk: fatigue	<u>Likelihood:</u> C.	Consequences:
	Determined by  student fitness climatic conditions eg temperature, wind angle and strength	Major 4  - Possible injury

### Risk Evaluation : Low

- Activities for the day are decided on skill level, conditions and student fitness.
- □ Instructors work using ratio of 1:6 providing water cover and continual assessment of well being of students and modifying activities accordingly.
- □ Minimum of 2 instructors per activity.

Risk: shallow water	<u>Likelihood:</u> C.	Consequences:
	Determined by	Major 4
	<ul> <li>Uncontrolled dismount from an elevated position</li> <li>climatic conditions eg temperature, wind angle and strength</li> </ul>	□ Possible injury to student

Risk Evaluation: Extreme

### Risk control: Good.

- Students are instructed on safe route which lesson will undertake due to conditions and lake users
- Stopping and manoeuvring skills are practised and demonstrated before leaving shore
- Entry and exit points are discussed
- Emergency signals acknowledged
- Lesson is modified and ratios discussed to suit conditions 1:6
- Students' skills are continually monitored and supervision is given accordingly
- □ Students are instructed to only paddle lying down then kneel when in deep water where they can stand using the technique practised on the beach.
- Deep water is indicated by a floating buoy.

### Descriptor:

Student ratio is 1:6 for enclosed water.

Lesson plan would include

- Group structure paddling with leader around designated course
- Safe entry and exit points
- Review of conditions including tides, winds, other lake users
- Consideration of chill and heat factors
- Equipment factors eg adjustment to correct height for student approx 1 hand above head
- Board trim: board correct volume for weight ratio
- Correct paddling technique (lay down on board, correct kneeling technique, stand up paddling technique, turning and dismount)
- Use of hats, PFDs, sunglasses, footwear